THE supreme court of the United States, on the 27th, affirmed the consti-

tutionality of the supplemental Chi-

nese exclusion act of 1894.

CHIEF OF POLICE THOMAS BYRNES WAS retired, at his own request, on the 27th, by the New York city police board, on a pension of \$3,000.

In the British house of lords, on the 28th, Lord Halifax's bill to empower church officials to refuse to marry persons who have been divorced passed its second reading.

A DISPATCH from Hong Kong says the Japanese landed at Kelong, Formosa, on the 30th, and fighting began next day, the Japanese war ships bombarding Kelong.

THE United States treasurer, on the 31st, mailed 1,113 checks, aggregating \$126,822, for the payment of interest on United States bonds of the funded loan of 1891, continued at 2 per cent.

FAILURES in the United States during the week ended the 31st, as reported by R. G. Dun & Co., were 215, against 183 for the same week last year. In Canada the failures were 34, against 27 last year.

THE North German Gazette, on the 30th, denied the report that the protesting powers have arranged for the the Rothschilds have been intrusted with the raising of such a loan.

Ir was said at the treasury, on the make the last of the four speeches for which he was originally booked.

A VIOLENT shock of earthquake was experienced in the village of Agikent, in the district of Baku, Russia, on the 26th. Ninety-five houses were wrecked and many of the inhabitants of the village were buried beneath the ruins.

A TREMENDOUS avalanche of rock fell, on the 28th, from the Schwarz Moench mountain into the Lauerbrunnen valley, in Switzerland, destroying the entire forest on the slope of the mountain. Fortunately no one was

THE cruiser Bennington left Mare Island navy yard, on the 30th, for Honolulu, to relieve the flagship Philadelphia, which is expected to return at the same time, diverted to Cuba. home with Admiral Beardslee, who JACOB HENSON, colored, under sen-San Francisco.

pensioner, died, on the 16th, at her home 5 miles from Knoxville, Tenn. She was the widow of Joe Brown, a respect our court and judges. Gov. soldier in the revolutionary war, and Brown forced the law-abiding citizens was born in 1804. Her husband died fifty-one years ago.

THE Paris Figaro says the German emperor recently sounced M. Pasteur the Baltic Sea canal, and that the French chemist refused to accept the honor, declaring that he would never forget 1870.

In consequence of the death of Secretary Gresham, the receptions which were to have been given by Ambassador to England Bayard and Secretary Roosevelt were cancelled, and the flags over the United States embassy and Mr. Bayard's residence were lowered to half-mast.

On the 29th Dr. Luger, the anti-Semite leader in the Austrian reichsrath and vice-burgomaster of Vienna. refused to accept the office of burgomaster, to which he was elected, because the majority he received was the smallest that was permitted by the law to elect.

THE emperor of Japan, after a stay of many months at Hiroshima, made a triumphal return to the capital on the 30th. The streets and houses were gaily decorated and the populace were intensely enthusiastic. Yokohama was also enthusiastically en fete in honor of the occasion.

THE supreme court of the United States, in an opinion read by Justice Brewer, on the 27th, denied the motion for a writ of habeas corpus filed by Eugene Debs and his associates of the American Railway union, and they will have to serve the sentences imposed upon them by the court.

THE mayor and the members of the corporation of Southampton paid a visit to the United States training ship Alliance, on the 27th, where they were entertained at luncheon. A salute of thirteen guns was fired in honor of the visitors, and the ship's band played British and American national airs.

THREE British war ships were, on the 31st, ordered to Jiddah, the seaport of Mecca, with orders to investigate the circumstances of the killing of the British vice-consul at that place and the wounding of the British consul, and the French consular secretary, by a band of Beduoins, and also to protect the lives and property of foreigners.

Apvices received in Washington from Havana by the surgeon-general, on the 26th, were to the effect that the situation in that city with reference to yellow fever were unchanged. A letter from Santiago states that in that city all regular hospitals are crowded, and that in the country thereabouts many hospitals have been improvised which are also full.

in the presence of a vast multitude, in- make the land. cluding notables, Grand Army and On the 29th it was stated that the confederate veterans and comm ple, the remains of the late secretary of state, Walter Q Gresham, were deposited in a crypt in the chapel at Oakwoods cemetery, in Chicago, on the 80th, there to remain until the family decides upon the final place of interment.

WALTER QUINTON GRESHAM, SECTEtary of state in President Cleveland's eabinet, died, after a mewhat pro-tracted illness, at 1:15 o clock on the morning of the 28th, at his rooms in was later removed to his home.

JUNE-1895. 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 *** *** *** *** ******

A Summary of Important Events.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL

business portion of Galen, Mich., on

office are left. One man was injured; ered as to be able to be present at the THE French steamer Dom Pedro was during the afternoon. At the request wrecked, on the 27th, off Cape Corru- of the governor Mayor Strong reviewed bedo. She was bound from Pasages the parade. for Carillo. She struck the Bajes Cor-

rubedo, when her boilers exploded, sinking her in a few minutes. Part of was sentenced to five years' imprisonher passengers and crew were saved, but 105 persons were drowned. MENDAL HOWARD, an American, who was arrested and arraigned in the Bow Street police court, London, on

April 30, on the charge of having in trial without bail. A DISTINCT earthquake shock was

felt at Brattleboro, Vt., about 11:15 a. 31st, that Secretary Carlisle would not | m. on the 28th. The vibrations seemed | two killed and four wounded. cancel his engagement to speak at to be from west to east, and continued Louisville, Ky., where he intended to from ten to twelve seconds, accompanied by a heavy, rumbling sound. Residents in several parts of the village rushed from their homes in great fright. The shock was felt in other parts of the county, and was the heaviest ever known there.

MRS. HARRY B. SMITH, wife of the auditor-elect of Marion county, Ind., slipped and fell as she was entering her yard on the 27th. Both limbs were broken, one above and one below the knee, and one kneecap was splintered. She is a heavy woman and was returning after playing lawn tennis. Her tennis shoes were slip-

perv and caused the fall. More cavalry regiments for Cuba embarked at Cadiz on the 27th. A battalion of infantry which had been ordered to the Phillippine islands was,

flag on the Olympia at tence of death at Ellicott City, Md., for the murder of Daniel F. Shea, was hanged by lynchers about 1 o'clock on MRS. MARY BROWN, a monogamian the morning of the 28th. A placard was left pinned to the dead man's breast on which was written: "We to carry out the verdict of the jury.

White Caps." BURGLARS entered the store of W. M. Brown, United States trader at White Jack was afloat at last accounts, but Eagle Indian agency, a few miles north as to his acceptance of a decoration of Perry, Okla., on the night of the upon the occasion of the opening of 27th, and stole \$12,000 from the safe. Brown is head trader for four or five tribes of Indians. Clerks were sleeping in the store at the time of the burglary.

GREAT destitution is reported in strip of country embracing a part of Grant county, Okla. While nearly all of the territory has had splendid rains, there is a distance extending from 4 miles south of Enid, north a distance of 20 miles, almost to Medford, and from 6 miles west of Round Pond east nearly to Lamont, a distance of 10 miles, where there had been no rain since October until quite recently.

H. H. Holmes, alias Howard, at Phila- helmsburg, opposite Hamburg. The delphia, on the charge of conspiring to defraud the Fidelity Mutual Life association out of \$10,000 by the imposition | tire stock of 5,500 tons of oil in four of a corpse as that of Benj. F. Pitezel, was brought to an abrupt ending on the 28th, when the prisoner pleaded guilty. Sentence was deferred.

LAFAYETTE PRINCE, the Cleveland 0.) wife-murderer, was hanged in the penitentiary annex at Columbus, on and was calm and unmoved to the last. | nople saying that Said Pasha, Turkish His neck was broken by the drop. THE Ohio republican state conven-

28th, nominated Gen. Asa A. Bushnell | the proposals made by Great Britain, for governor.

in Chicago, made its appearance on the powers will obtain the acceptance of 28th. THE Episcopal convention for the diocese of Kansas, on the 28th, elected ernment receipts and expenditures for

succeed the late Rishop Thomas. On the night of the 28th Frank Ryan, the last ten days of the month; but it for many years a prominent figure at is not expected that under the most the St. Louis Merchants' exchange, and favorable circumstances the deficit at whose operations were on so large a the end of the year can be brought bescale as to gain him a national reputa- low \$45,000,000. tion, died in his rooms at the Southern

eral years with diabetes and an en- loney of Illinois and in favor of the largement of the liver. ERASMUS FREDERICK shot and killed by the attorney-general to have the his former employer, John H. Lewis, charter of the Pullman company desuperintendent of the Benton Manu- clared forfeited for alleged violations facturing Co., St. Louis, because the of its provisions. latter insisted on putting Frederick off with \$6.98 for \$14 worth of work

which had taken two weeks to accom-On the 29th Inspector Waterbury, at Salt Lake City, Utah, arrested C. W. Carter, accessory to the robbery of the

post office at Rock Springs, Wyo. On the 27th the steamship Colima, with 182 persons on board, including passengers and crew, foundered off the western coast of Mexico. Fourteen passengers and five members of the crew are all that were known to have been saved, though hopes were entertained that other boats, containing all

hull of the ill-fated steamer Chicora dress at the commencement of the Unihas been found lying at the bottom of Lake Michigan, about 3 miles from the pier at St. Joseph, Mich.

On the 29th whilst the military were City. Mo., on the 1st, with fine weather in line waiting the order to fall in for and the impetus of 400 "actives" from the Gresham obsequies in Washington, Capt. Whipple, of the ordnance bureau of the war department, one of Gen. Ruger's staff, was prostrated by a slight stroke of apoplexy. He was taken to the Emergency hospital, whence he

the Arlington hotel in Washington. On the 29th the fulminating house Although he had suffered much during or the Winchester Repeating Arms his illness, his last hours were passed Co., at New Haven, Conn., blew up.

A serious swine epidemic is raging n Hungary and in some districts in Austria. The mortality is 40 to 50 per cent., being the worst in Steinbrucken, where the loss has already reached

over 4,000,000 florins. THAT neither Marti nor Gomez, Cuban insurgent leaders, are dead or even wounded, was declared, on the 30th, to be positively known in Havana. It is said the report of their death was spread by the Spanish officers to raise the drooping spirits of their troops, and to inspire confidence in the money market and thereby assist Spain

o negotiate a needed loan. THE Gold Standard association of London has distributed circulars widespread, inviting memberships and pecuniary subscriptions wherewith to establish a propaganda for the issuance of pamplets, etc.

WHILE reviewing the parade of the Grand Army of the Republic from the stand in Madison square, in New York city, on the 30th, Gov. Morton was FIRE destroyed almost the entire prostrated by the heat, and was removed in a carriage to the Fifth the 26th. Only two stores and the post | Avenue hotel, where he so far recovceremonies at the tomb of Gen. Grant

On the 29th John A. Carr, a wellknown capitalist of Portland, Ore., ment for jury bribing. Carr was convicted of attempting to bribe a juror in the murder case of "Bunco" Kelly. who killed old man Sayers.

A BODY of men guarding sattle which were being driven to Santiago his possession a quantity of engraved de Cuba to supply the city with meat, floating of a Chinese war loan, or that plates and other matter for forging was intercepted by insurgents, on the notes, was, on the 28th, committed for | 29th, and a force of troops was sent to their assistance. A fight ensued, in which two rebels were killed and five wounded. The government loss was

A CENTRAL NEWS dispatch from Vienna, on the 30th, said the government had decided to dissolve the Vienna town council and to appoint an imperial commissary to administer the municipal affairs of the city.

A GAS pipe two feet long, filled with dynamite, and with fuse attached, was found, on the 30th, in the basement of the Grand Missouri hotel, in Kansas City, Mo.

MISS BUELAH KENNARD, who prepared the missionary calendar of prayer which is in use in nearly all the Baptist churches throughout the country, and who was one of the bestknown women connected with that denomination, died at her residence in Philadelphia on the night of the 30th. Apoplexy was the cause of death.

Ox the night of the 30th a sponging vessel, fully provisioned, was stolen from its moorings at Key West, Fla., and has since been missing. The vespresumably taken by Cubar sympathizers. A soldier deserted from the United States barracks at the same point and is supposed to have joined the sloop.

THE steamers Norman and Jack were in collision in a dense fog near Middle island, Lake Huron, on the night of the 30th. The Norman sank, carrying down with her the steward's wife. in a badly damaged condition.

THERE was a collision, on the 31st, few miles north of Escanaba, Mich. between an ore train and Lemon Bro.'s circus train, in which five circus men were badly injured, a valuable horse was killed and several cars badly wrecked.

THE steam trawler Bittern foundered off Grimsby, England, on the 31st, and nine of her crew were drowned. GEORGE STEPHENS GOUGH, second Vis count Gough, died in London on the 31st. He was 79 years of age.

DURING a thunder storm, on the 31st. lightning struck and set fire to a number of sheds, containing 90,000 barrels THE trial of Herman Mudgett, alias of petroleum, on the island of Wilpetroleum was owned by the Bremen Trading Co., an English firm. The en tanks and 1,200 barrels was consumed. The loss is £500,000, covered by insur-

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

THE London Daily News, on the 3d; the 28th. He had professed religion published a dispatch from Constantiforeign minister, had promised the British ambassador, Sir Philip Currie, tion, which met at Zanesville, on the to reply before the Bairam festival to Russia and France for a reform of the THE first issue of the Chicago Chron- Turkish administration of the Armeicle, the only democratic newspaper | nian provinces. It is expected that the

their proposals. THE comparative statement of gov Dean Millspaugh, of Topeka, bishop to the month of May shows a gradual diminution of the deficiency during

JUDGE BAKER, of Chicago, has dehotel. Mr. Ryan had suffered for sev- cided against Attorney-General Mo-Pullman Car Co., in the suit brought

> THE steamer Washtenau, bound from New York to San Francisco to take the place of the steamer Keewana, which was recently lost off that coast, was reported, on the 2d, to have been stranded in the Straits of Magellan.

> No particulars were learned. H. H. BRYANT, a citizen of Cambridge, Mass., has been held in 8500 for the United States grand jury for sending a scurrilous postal card through the mails to the judges of the United States supreme court at Wash-

POSTMASTER-GENERAL WILSON visited his home in Charlestown, W. Va., on With civic and martial honors and or nearly all of the missing, would yet the 2d. From there he went to Oxford, Miss., to deliver the annual adversity of Mississippi.

THE grand three days' festival and tournament of the turner societies of the Missouri valley began in Kansas St. Louis.

A PUBLIC subscription was started. on the 2d, in the Christian church at Columbus, Ind., for the benefit of the invalid widow of ex-Gov. Chase, who is \$1,000, in the annual vocal contest at left destitute. The movement is pop-

THE Carnegie Steel Co. has voluntarily increased the wages of all tonMISSOURI STATE NEWS.

A Romance of the War. The following story was set afloat at Columbia:

When the war broke out Geo. Davenport and wife resided 10 miles south of Columbia, and several children had been born to them. On he commencement of hostilities George enlist ed in the Union army. At Shiloh he was wounded and left on the field. News reached his wife that he was dead, but he had been sent to a hospital. After his release he was told that his family were dead. He believed the story, and, destitute and wretched, he decided not to return home, and wandered to California, where he remained for nearly thirty years. About a year ago he moved to Kansas and entered the old soldiers' home at Leavenworth. While there he saw an item in a newspaper which apprised him of the fact that his family was still alive. Hastily he returned to Boone county and found that his wife was a widow. Davenport introduced himself, but at first his wife refused to believe his story. After a dramatic scene and a closer examination of his features she finally became

convinced that his story was true. Mrs Davenport, after several years waiting for her husband, concluded that he was dead beyond a doubt. John Smallwood, an old companion of her youth. pressed her to marry him, and, after waiting a year to make sure that her husband was no more, she finally accepted the offer and became Mrs. John Smallwood.

Mayor Walbridge at Lincoln's Tomb. On Memorial day Ransom post, G. A. R., St. Louis, visited Lincoln's tomb at Springfield, Ill. During the ceremonies

Mayor Walbridge delivered an address. "And now," said Mr. Walbridge, in course of resting-place to honor his name. Here are veteran survivors of that war. Here are men who first saw the light of day after the clouds of that civil storm had passed away. Here are citizens from various states whose equal lovalty is no longer questioned. The fitness and propriety of these ceremonies no one can loubt, yet it becomes us to ask whether we may not more permanently honor his memory by attempting to imitate his example. Verily, this is hallowed ground. Then let us all here and now solemnly and sincerely resolve, so far as our endowments may permit, to carry into our various walks of life the lofty sentiments, the plain honesty, the steadfast aith in the people, the patient search for ruth, the trust in Divine Providence that enabled Abraham Lincoln to stand erect in that tempest of passion and preserve inviolate our national integrity. Thus may we honor his name. Thus may we perpetuate his influence. Thus may we make this union of states what we would make it-a union of hearts whose narmonious beating will cease only when time shall be no more.

How Tony Hoefle Died.

Tony Hoefle, aged 25, met with an awful death at Arsenal island, opposite the southern part of St. Louis,

a few days ago. Prof. G. Barson, an aeronaut, was to make an scension and descend with a parachute. Hoefle was assisting in inflating the balloon, and requested the professor to allow him to ascend with him. The request was denied, but when the balloon started Hoefle held on. When up about 500 or 600 feet Hoefle let go, and went whirling till he struck the ground with a horrifying thud. The incident was witnessed by many people. Hoefle struck in a pile of sand, mashed to a pulp. It is believed that he took this method to commit suicide.

The Cost of It. State Auditor Seibert has cast up the ture and finds that the certificates audited are as follows:

.\$56,625 The appropriation for contingent expenses is exhausted, and \$400 of certificates, covering per diem of clerks, etc., have been presented and refused pay-

Death of Hon. Daniel Proctor. Hon. Daniel Proctor, ex-representative of Caldwell county, died at Braymer, a few days ago, aged 83 years. Mr. Proctor was born in Washington county, O., in 1812, and in 1856 moved to Missouri, settling in Caldwell county, near Braymer, where he has resided until last year, when he moved to Braymer. He served two terms in the general assembly of this state.

Drowned by a Monster Cat. John Harnett was drowned in the Osage river, 20 miles from Jefferson City, a few days ago, while trying to land a catfish weighing 105 pounds. Through some mishap the fish jerked him in the river, and as he had wrapped one end of the line around his hand the struggles of the fish

One Day's Equine Mortality. When Col. Ed Butler in his capacity as dead animal contractor at St. Louis, made his daily report at the health department, he reported twenty-four norses dead on the streets in various parts of the city as a result of the heat Decoration day.

Shot by a Workman.

John H. Lewis, general manager of the Benton Manufacturing Co., St. Louis, was shot and killed by Erasmus Frederich, over a difference of \$7.03 in

Missouri Episcopalians. The fifty-sixth convention of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Missouri was held at Christ church cathedral, St. Louis. It was in session three

Publishing Missouri Assembly Acts. Secretary of State Lesueur has determined to publish the laws of the regular and extra sessions of the Thirtyeighth general assembly in one volume.

Failed to Indict. The Cole county grand jury adjourned without returning a single indictment against anyone in any way connected with the general assembly.

Five Years. At Boonville Riley Evans was, on plea of guily of murder in the second degree, sentenced to the penitentiary for five years for killing Peter Fine.

Loved in Vain. Mitch Rice, employed by his uncle, Giles Rice, near Keytesville, loved his cousin, Daisy. She did not reciprocate, and Mitch took poison and died.

John A. Smith, of Valley Park, St. Louis county, was given two years in the penitentiary for stealing a blanket. He said he wanted a home.

Bad Fire at Pattonsburg. Pattonsburg, Daviess county, was visited by a destructive fire the other day. Forty houses were burned. Loss, 50,000; insurance, \$15,000

Lived to Wed. Two elopers of Wyandotte, Kas., tried to commit suicide twice at Sedalia, were arrested at the third attempt and were finally married. Won a Good Plane.

Ark., won a grand piano, valued at Hardin college, Mexico. Young Middleton's Body Found The body of young Alex. Middleton, who was drowned with Webster Mott,

son of Senator Mott, at St. Louis, has

been recovered

Miss Kathleen Adair, of Warren.

GOV. STONE'S VIEWS.

His Opinion in Regard to the Work of the Special Session—Indorses the Election Law, and Holds the Lobby Responsible for the Failure to Pass a Fellow-Servant

Gov. Stone, on being asked his opinion as to the work if the extra session,

said: "I called the legislature in special session for two principal reason—(1) for the enact-ment of an honest election law, and (2) for a ight against the lobby. I have appealed to senators and representatives to enact a good election law and to make war on the railroad obby. I have begged both democrats and republicans, as Missourians, to do this in the name of good government, I have also appealed to democrats to make these fights as a matter of party pride, and republicans have prominent in that party. Every appeal possible to arouse men to duty has been made. An election law has been enacted. There are provisions in it which I think it would have been better to have left out, but it is a law which will make future election frauds difficult and hazardous. It was hard work to get even that much, but the people of St. Louis and Kansas City can now have honest elections if they want them. The failure of fellow-servant and anti-lobby legislation is a victory for the lobby. I knew when I submitted the subject of fellow-servant legislation to the legislature it meant a desperate fight with the lobby. To pass that bill meant the complete rout and overthrow of the lobby. It meant its utter destruction. For that very reason wanted the fight made before the people of the state. If the battle was won, then an evil influence would be driven from the capital; if lost, the people would have an object lesson for future guidance. It is well that they should know what influences operate here Good administration and the public safety require that the people should be thoroughly aroused to the langers menacing them. They can protect themselves if they will. If we are indifferent, he case is hoperess.

Asked as to who he thinks is responsible for the defeat of fellow-servant

legislation, the governor said: "The lobby, of course. There is no doubt of that. That fact can not be obscured, whatever effort may be made to disguise it. Two forces have been in opposition here for a month. The obby has been on hand, insolent, defiant, aggressive. The enemies of this force have struggled to overthrow it. The anti-lobby senator and representatives have made a hard fight for honest government. The lobby won, after a desperate struggle, but I believe they will find that it is a short-lived and dearly-bought vic-

When asked about the political effect of the fight, he said: "That is a consideration which sinks below the higher consideration of the public right; but, to be frank, I do not see how any party advantage or disadvantage can accrue to anyone. What are the facts? The senate is democratic at this time by three majority. In that body, therefore, the parties are about evenly balanced. The house is republican by a majority of twenty-four over the democrats. At the regular session no election law was passed. At that session the senate passed a general feliowservant bill and sent it to the house weeks before the adjournment. The house took no action on fellow-servant bills until about a week before adjournment. The house then passed a bill which reached the senate Monday before the adjournment Saturday. That bill was a straight rail-road fellow-servant bill, with a proviso to the effect that no railroad employes should enjoy its benefits if he or any organization to which he belonged ever interferred with the railroad companies in the employment of men or conhave destroyed the railroad organizations, or else have been worthless. Neither bill would have been of much practical value. The house killed the senate bill and the senate killed the house bill. At a special session the senate passed a general bill and sent it to the house. There was a fierce struggle in the senate. The lobby was opposed to any bill, of course, but favored the general bill rather than the spe-cial. The anti-lobby senators were never able o force a direct vote on the straight railroad bill. The general bill was thrust in as a substitute, and passed. For a month the house took no action on fellow-servant bills. They were introduced at the beginning of the session and referred to committees. There they slept for a month. Democratic representatives offered resolution after resolution to require the committees to report the bills to the house, the republicans, as the journal will show. For weeks the house was idle, adjourning day after day without doing anything, and

efusing to consider fellow-servant bills. After the senate had passed a general bill the house suddenly bestirred itself. A special bill was then reported and passed. That bill reached the senate Friday last. But the senate, after passing a general bill, had adopted a joint resolution to adjourn on Saturday, and had sent that to the house immediately after bill and the adjournment resolution were pending in the house at the same time. Now, as I have said, in this state of the case the house passed a special bill and sent it to the senate on Friday, but under the constitution the bill could not be acted on in the senate before Monday, as it requires three days to pass an original bill. The adoption by the house of the senate reso-lution to adjourn to-day operated, therefore, to preclude any action by the senate on the house bill. The senate could not have acted on that bill before next Monday. This morning the house met at 10 o'clock, took up the general bill passed by the senate, and amended it by substituting a special bill. That was sent over to the senate about 11 o'clock. Then the house adopted the joint resolution to adjourn at 12 o'clock. That left the senate about an hour in which to print. examine and pass the bill, and also to wind up its business preparatory to adjournment. It was utterly impossible as everybody knew, to secure a vote in the senate within an hour. After the amendment was printed the senate had just fourteen minutes left until 12 o'clock. One opponent of the bill could easily talk an hour out. In this way both houses have dealt with the question. The people can easily tell to what extent either has acted in good faith. I simply state the facts, without comment. The executive branch of the government has been for special legislation. That branch is democratic. So far as the executive department is representative of the democratic party, it opened the fight for this legislation, and stood by it to the end. The senate is almost evenly divided. Of the senators who favored the legislation, there was a fair division between democrats and republicans. It was not treated as a party question in that body. In the only test vote taken, eight democrats and six republicans recorded themselves in favor of a straight bill. In the house, on the vote to pass a straight bill, there were twenty-one nays. Of these, there were six democrats. one populist and fourteen repub-licans. The bulk of the democrats of the house have stood in favor of legislation They sought in vain to force the bills from the committee in time for deliberate action, and give the senate time to act on the house bill and to compel action thereon. Such is the history of this transaction. It is quite clear that neither house has any reason to congratulate itself." Continuing, the governor said:

"After all, we have secured an election law forced from cover into the open field. The people see it now and can deal with it as it is. The fight is not ended yet."

To Make Beet Sugar. A syndicate of Dutch capitalists, it is reported, are about to start a big beet sugar business in the neighborhood of Bowling Green, Ky. A Monster Devil Fish.

ing 2,000 pounds was caught near The Boll Weevil. Farmers in southwest Texas, especially near Beeville, have abandoned

A devil fish 16 feet long and weigh

of the boll weevil. To Enforce the Sunday Law. The New Orleans police board has formally announced its intention to enforce the Sunday law with impartial strictness.

Bitten by a Wolf. John McCullar, white, was attacked by a large gray wolf near Shiloh, Tex., and his left arm literally torn to HORRIBLE TRAGEDY.

Mother and Daughter Murdered at Minneapolis—A Crasy Son and Brother of the Two, Recently Released From an Asylum, Supposed to Have Committed the Crime, As He Had Been Seen Lurking About the Premises

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., June 2.-A ter-

rible tragedy occurred at 1229 Nicollet avenue. Mrs. Martha M. Elias and daughter lives there over Hart's drug store. About 4 a. m. people in the vicinity heard a pistol shot and in a few minutes later another. Soon afterward investigation showed that a double murder had been committed. The daughter was found dead in bed. There had been no struggle and she lay as if asleep, but when raised up the back of her head was found to be nearly shot away. The body of the old lady was found lying across the bed outside the covers. Her face and head had been frightfully mangled with a shot from a 44- caliber Colt's revolver fired into the head between the eyes. The mother was at first supposed to have been insane and to have killed her daughter and then shot herself. But the coroner thought the deed might have been done by consent of both. They lived alone and were employed in a laundry.

Later developments, however, indicate that instead of "murder and suicide" it was a double murder committed by the son and brother of the dead people. The young man was released from the insane asylum the first of May, and was seen about the premises yesterday. In the room was found a satchel containing \$109, and the curtains were torn by the murderer jumping from the window.

LORD GOUGH DEAD.

He Was a Soldier Whom Great Britain Delighted to Honor-His Success Washington, June 2.- A cablegram received at the British embassy Friday announced the death of Lord Gough, the hero of India and father of Mr. Hugh Gough, first secretary of the embassy here. As a result of this Mr. Gough, being the eldest son, now becomes Lord Gough, succeeds to the titles and estates, becomes a member of the peerage and has conferred upon him the unusual honors which parliament conferred on the elder Lord Gough and his two successors, because of his conspicuous service in subduing India, and, in effect, establishing the

British empire in India. The new Lord Gough has been in Washington about a year, coming here from St. Petersburg. His wife, Lady Georgiana Gough, is a daughter of the earl of Langford. Lord Gough, the elder, who has just died, was one of the most conspicuous military men produced of late years. England has He went to India as colonel of the Grenadier Guards, but showed such brilliant abilities that he was made commander-in-chief of all the forces in India. For his services in India, parliament twice thanked him, raised him to the peerage, and gave him the unusual honor of a permanent annuity of £2,000 (\$10,000), which should go not only to himself, but to his son and his son's son. The new Lord Gough now succeeds to the handsome annuity from parliament. Lord Gough, now in Washington, is a gradnate of Oxford. He entered the British diplomatic service in 1876, and has been first secretary at Stockholm, St. Petersburg and Washington. He is a man of courtliness and quiet dignity It is probable that he will return to England at an early day.

SUDDEN DEATH

Of Gen. G. M. Mitchell, Followed by That of His Widow at Charleston, Ill.

CHARLESTON, Ill., June 2.- The citi zens of Charleston received a great shock Friday in the sudden death of Gen. G. M. Mitchell and his wife. Mr. Mitchell was working in his garden in the morning, when about 9:30 o'clock he fell dead. Mrs. Mitchell was so overcome with grief that she died at 1 p. m. The funeral of both will occur Sunday under the auspices of the local

G. A. R. post. G. M. Mitchell was born in Warren county, Ky., in 1835. He removed to Illinois in 1851, and was married in 1860 to Miss Katie Miles, of Charleston. He entered the army in 1861 as captain of Company C, First Illinois volunteers, was promoted to the rank of colonel in 1863, and was mustered out of service November 3, 1865, as brigadier general. At the close of the war he was elected sheriff of Coles county, serving two years. He was postmaster at Charleston from 1877 to 1885, and was warden of Chester penitentiary from 1886 to 1890. Since then he has been in business in this city. At the time of his death he was a member of the board of education.

FATAL FRACAS

Between a Couple of State Liquor Constables at Clinton, S. C. COLUMBIA, S. C., June 2.-At Clinton State Liquor Constables S. M. Duncan and Workman' the former chief of the constabulary forces in the upper portion of the state, had a fatal shooting affray. Workman charged Duncan with being the caused of his removal from the force. The lie passed and Workman was killed, but not until Duncan had been brought down by two bullets in his hips. He is not thought to be fatally

injured. A "HORIZONTAL RAISE"

Made by the Carnegie Steel Co. on Ton-

nage, Day and Turn Men. PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 2. - The Carnegie Steel Co. has voluntarily increased the wages of all tonuage, day and turn men in its various mills 10 per cent., the advance to date from today. About 20,000 men participate in the increase. Secretary Lovejoy of the Carnegie company terms the advance "a horizontal raise, which means that every man included in the advance will Horn island, not far from Moss Point, receive an increase of 10 per cent., irrespective of his position or wages." Hi

The New Daughter-in-Law of the Marquis of Queensberry. SAN FRANCISCO, June 2.-Loretta

Mooney, who also calls herself Addia the cotton crops altogether on account in the variety theaters of California, is now Lady Sholto Douglass, daughter-in-law of the marquis of Queensdiocese issued a special dispensation on Wednesday, by virtue of which any priest under his jurisdiction might make Lord Sholto and Miss Mooney man and wife. They were married in San Jose by Justice of the Peace Deman. The couple will keep house in this city. The new Lady Douglass in this city. The new Lady Douglass

AN AWFUL EXPLOSION.

Large Quantity of Nitroglycerine. While Being Carried in a Skiff to the Burning Springs Oil Fields, Lets Go with Tre-mendous Force, and Spreads Destruction

PARKERSBURG. W. Va., June 3.-Two hundred and fifty quarts of nitroglycerine which were being taken from Pittsburgh to the Burning Springs oil field in a skiff by an employe of James Hinds, the oil driller. exploded at 5:30 o'clock last evening just as the boat had turned into the little Kanawha from the Ohio river.

The explosion occurred directly opposite the Parkersburgh's mill, the sides of which were blown in and the boilers driven out of position and nearly all of its machinery misplaced. Sparks from the furnace were driven among the shavings setting the mill on fire, which was extinguished, however, after a short fight.

The damage in the immediate vicinity of the explosion is very great, buildings driven from their foundations, their walls crushed in and otherwise wrecked. The damage throughout the city will aggregate from \$75,-000 to \$100,000. Every plate-glass window on Market, Third and Smith. streets was wrecked, the plate-glassloss alone amounting to \$25,000.

The explosion was felt in every part the city and windows, crockery and bric-a-brac were broken miles from the river front.

Citizens thinking it was an earthquake, rushed to the streets in great confusion.

Across the Kanawha there is nota residence that is not damaged, several having their roofs crushed in, and all having their walls torn down or windows blown out. The steamer Heatherton, which was tied in the mouth of the Kanawha, was an almost total loss, while coal barges were sunk along the river for miles as though they were snagged. Although there was a large number of persons hurt, none are fatal except Hinds' employe, whose name is unknown. Those most seriously injured are a Mrs. Henry, Miss Emma Houchen, Miss Katie Nolan, Mrs. Ida Rhodes and George Muhn

TORRID TEMPERATURE.

A Terrible Harvest of Death in Philadel-

PHILADELPHIA, June 3.—The tropical heat prevailing since Thursday has reaped a terrible harvest of death in Philadelphia. The prostrations from heat number several scores, and on Friday there were two deaths, three on Saturday, and the climax was reached yesterday, when seventeen persons died of heat prostration. The thermometer yesterday in the weather bureau office, at its maximum at 2 o'clock p. m., registered 95 degrees, two degrees lower than Saturday's maximum. The lowest point touched by the thermometer yesterday was at 5:30 a. m., when it stood at 79 degrees. From that time on until 2 o'clock the mercury went booming upward till it reached 95 degrees. To the gasping thousands compelled to breathe the superheated air from the bricks of the houses and the scorching asphalt from the streets, the difference of 2 degrees in the mercury from Saturday was not noticeable, and the suffering among the residents of Philadelphia was as great as it has been on any day of the prevail-

ing hot spell. Fortunately the day was Sunday, and the workers in the mills and manufactories were able to seek what coolness they could. But for this the mortality would have undoubtedly been

much higher than it was. Reports received from points throughout eastern Pennsylvania show that the heat in that section has been as great as it is in Philadelphia.

A FOUL MURDER

Brought to Light by Receding Waters at

Cleveland, O. CLEVELAND, O., June 2.- A special to the Press from Ironton, O., says: The body of a large woman, about 45 years old, was found in the river here yesterday morning. It is supposed to be that of Beck R. Turner, of Memphis, Tenn., who lived on a family boat. There was a quarrel over the possession of the boat two months ago, and

the woman has not been seen since that time. One of the men on the boat has been arrested on suspicion of causing the death of Miss Turner. The features of the body found yesterday morning were unrecognizable. There was a rope tied about the neck and fastened to a large stone. The falling of the

UNCLE SAM'S MANEY BOX.

river caused the body to float.

The Monthly Statement Shows a Not Decrease in the Public Debt. WASHINGTON, June 2.- The debt statement issued last evening shows a net decrease in the public debt, less cash in the treasury during May, of \$5,436,611.86. The interest-bearing debt increased \$100; the noninterestbearing debt decreased \$884,527.50, and cash in the treasury increased \$4,552,-184.38. The balances of the several classes of the debt at the close of busi-

ness May 31 were: Interest-bearing debt, \$716,202.01; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, \$1,734,920.26; debt bearing no interest, \$379,836,461.90.

Total, \$1,097,773,393.18. **EX-CONFEDERATES**

Enter and Capture the City of Cincin-

CINCINNATI, June 2.-The special train bearing the ex-confederates who attended the dedication of the confederate monument in Chicago reached here at 7:30 o'clock yesterday morning. A committee from the chamber of commerce escorted them to the Grand hotel, where breakfast was served. Never in the history of the exchange

was such an ovation tendered to visitors, and every speech was loudly apeds of G.A. R. menwere p More Fighting for Cuba. SANTIAGO DE CU:: A. June 2. - It is of-

ficially announced that Col. Samorareports that on May 27 his force had an engagement with a number of insurgents under command of Antonio Maceo, at Plazuella Arroyo Cacao berry. Vicar-Gen. Prendergast, of the The rebel loss is unknown. The gov ernment loss was two killed. On the same date 400 rebels under Jose Maceoattacked a detachment of fifteen troopsat Western near Sagua de Tanami.